

TWIST-LOCK FUEL INJECTOR ASSEMBLY

DESCRIPTION

[Para 1] 1. Field of the Invention. The present invention relates to components and a process for fuel injector assembly for internal combustion engines.

[Para 2] 2. Background Art. Various types of internal combustion engines use a common fuel rail to distribute fuel to individual fuel injectors that inject a specified amount of fuel into corresponding intake ports or directly into the cylinders. A fuel injector cup is typically used to couple the upper end of the fuel injector to the fuel rail, with the lower end of the injector being seated into a corresponding bore in the intake manifold or cylinder head. The injector/cup interface includes an upper (fuel) seal, while the injector/bore interface includes a lower (air) seal. An injector retention/orientation clip may be used to facilitate proper positioning of the fuel injector during assembly (and/or maintenance) and to secure the injector to maintain the upper and lower seals during assembly and operation of the engine. Alternatively, a fuel injector/cup assembly may use a "snap fasten" feature to couple the cup to the fuel injector and eliminate the injector clip. Both methods require relatively tight tolerances for the individual components to assure that the overall tolerance stack-up associated with the fuel rail, cup, fuel injector, clip (where present), and intake manifold/cylinder head is controlled to maintain the integrity of the upper and lower seals during operation of the engine.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[Para 3] The present invention provides a fuel system and corresponding method of operation that include a fuel injector and associated injector cup having a coupling device that provides rotational orientation while allowing axial sliding engagement of the fuel injector relative to the cup after assembly.

[Para 4] Embodiments of the present invention include a fuel injector and associated cup that include at least one slot and corresponding key to allow axial movement of the injector relative to the injector cup ~~cup relative to the injector~~ after installation of the injector into the cylinder head or intake manifold to improve ~~reduce~~ tolerancing and stack-up requirements. In one embodiment, the fuel injector includes

two axial slots disposed generally across from one another and located above an upper seal of the injector, with the cup having corresponding indentations or keys that engage the slots to limit rotational movement while allowing axial movement of the injector relative to the cup. To facilitate assembly, the axial slot may extend to the top of the injector, which may also include a frustoconical portion. Another embodiment includes a lead-in slot or groove at the top of the injector which connects to a helical or spiral groove, terminating with the axial locking groove to provide a twist and lock assembly motion with the locking groove allowing axial movement between the injector and cup, but limiting rotational movement.

[Para 5] The present invention provides a number of advantages. For example, the present invention allows elimination of any external injector orientation/retention clip and associated assembly steps. The present invention also relaxes tolerance stack-up requirements with respect to the fuel rail, cup, injector, and intake manifold/cylinder head otherwise required to maintain the upper and lower seals. In addition, the present invention may reduce radial or rotational variation of the injector when installed in the cylinder head/intake manifold by eliminating the additional tolerances associated with an injector clip relative to the cup/clip interface and the clip/injector interface.

[Para 6] The above advantages and other advantages and features of the present invention will be readily apparent from the following detailed description of the preferred embodiments when taken in connection with the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[Para 7] Figure 1 is a perspective view of a fuel injector and cup according to one embodiment of the present invention;

[Para 8] Figure 2 is an alternative perspective view of the injector and cup of Fig. 1 illustrating the lead-in groove, helical groove, and locking groove of one embodiment of the present invention;

[Para 9] Figure 3 is a partial top view of an injector illustrating slots or grooves of differing depths according to one embodiment of the present invention;

[Para 10] Figure 4 is a cross-sectional view of the upper portion of an injector and cup assembly according to one embodiment of the present invention;

[Para 11] Figure 5 is a perspective view of an injector having an axial slot and frustoconical top portion according to one embodiment of the present invention;

[Para 12] Figure 6 is a cross-sectional view of an injector and cup assembly for the injector of Fig. 5; and

[Para 13] Figure 7 is a perspective view of an injector illustrating an axial slot or groove according to another embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT(S)

[Para 14] Various combinations of features of the present invention are illustrated and described with reference to the Figures. Those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that the features of the present invention may be used individually, in the combinations illustrated, or in other combinations consistent with the teachings of the invention, although not necessarily explicitly illustrated or described.

[Para 15] Figure 1 is a perspective view of a fuel injector and cup according to one embodiment of the present invention. Fuel system assembly 10 includes a fuel injector 12 and associated fuel injector cup 14. In a typical internal combustion engine application, cup 14 is made of a metallic or plastic material and is fixed to a fuel rail body (not shown) by brazing or a similar operation that joins either top surface 16 or side surface 18 of connecting portion 30 to the fuel rail body. Connecting portion 30 includes a through hole 20 to fluidly couple cup 14 to the fuel rail and deliver fuel to injector 12. In this embodiment, cup 14 includes a sealing portion 32 that includes a flare 36 to facilitate installation of injector 12 into cup 14 without damaging o-ring seal 46, which is generally made of a resilient polymeric material.

[Para 16] As also shown in Figure 1, assembly 10 includes a coupling device 34, 38 associated with injector 12 and cup 14 to limit rotational movement while allowing axial movement of injector 12 relative to cup 14 after installation of injector 12 into cup 14. In this embodiment, the device is implemented by at least one axial or longitudinal groove or slot 44 in injector 12 and one or more corresponding indentations or keys 48 in cup 14. Preferably, axial slot 44 and key 48 are located above upper o-ring seal 46 to prevent damage to seal 46 during assembly of injector 12 and cup 14, as well as during any subsequent relative axial motion as key 48 slides within axial slot 44.

[Para 17] Those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that other implementations of a coupling device may include one or more keys implemented by protrusions on the injector and corresponding slots or grooves in the cup. Similarly, for applications having an o-ring seal provided in the cup, the coupling device would preferably be disposed below the seal to avoid damage during assembly/disassembly.

[Para 18] In the embodiment illustrated in Figure 1, injector device 38 includes a pair of generally diametrically opposed devices 38, 38' (Figs. 2 and 3) each having a lead-in groove or slot 40 connected to a helical or spiral twist groove or slot 42 that is connected to axial locking groove or slot 44. As best shown in the perspective view of

Figure 2 and top view of Figure 3, each lead-in groove 40 may include a chamfer 50 to facilitate assembly performed by an operator inserting fuel injector 12 into cup 14 while lining up lead-in grooves 40 with cup device 34, implemented by corresponding diametrically opposed indentations or retention tabs 48 in cup 14 in this embodiment. After retention tabs 48 are engaged with lead-in groove 40, rotation of injector 12 pulls the injector toward cup 14 so that the interior of sealing portion 32 forms a fuel seal with upper o-ring 46.

[Para 19] As shown in the partial top view of injector 12 in Figure 3, axial locking groove 44 may be deeper than helical groove 42 and lead-in groove 40 to provide a locking feature or device that helps keep tabs 48 within locking groove 44 and deter rotation of injector 12 relative to cup 14 after the retention tabs enter locking groove 44. The transition between helical groove 42 and locking groove 44 may include an appropriate radius 52 to deter rotation during engine operation yet facilitate disassembly of injector 12 from cup 14 when a sufficient rotational force or torque is applied.

[Para 20] Figure 4 is a cross-sectional view of the upper portion of an injector and cup assembly according to one embodiment of the present invention. Cup 60 includes an alternative device 38' that cooperates with a corresponding device 34' of cup 60 to allow axial movement and improve tolerances while limiting rotational movement and providing orientation of injector 62 relative to cup 60. In this embodiment, cup device 34' includes generally diametrically opposed asymmetrical retention tabs 64, 66 which cooperate with correspondingly sized lead-in or helical grooves (Figs. 1-3) to uniquely orient injector 62 relative to cup 60, i.e. so injector 62 can not be installed 180 degrees out of its intended position. Those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that various other arrangements may be provided to implement such a feature. For example, the keys and slots may be asymmetrically radially positioned so the injector device and cup device engage in only one rotational position. Alternatively, the width, height, or shape of the retention tabs and corresponding slots may be modified so each tab has a unique slot, etc.

[Para 21] Figures 5 and 6 illustrate an injector having an axial slot and frustoconical top portion according to one embodiment of the present invention. In this embodiment, device 38" includes at least one axial slot 72 on the top portion of injector 70 located above upper seal 46. As illustrated, axial slot 72 does not extend to the top surface of injector 70. Top portion of injector 70 terminates in a frustoconical section 74 to facilitate assembly with a corresponding injector cup 76, with retention tabs or indentations 78 that fit within axial groove 72 to provide axial movement while limiting rotational movement after installation. Axial groove 72 and retention tabs 78 may include a rounded upper edge to facilitate disassembly. As with the previously illustrated and described embodiments, locating axial slot 72 above upper seal 46 reduces the possibility of damage to seal 46 by contact with the indentations or retention tabs of a corresponding cup during assembly and/or disassembly.

[Para 22] Figure 7 is a perspective view of an injector having a device to allow axial movement after installation according to another embodiment of the present invention. In the embodiment of Figure 7, injector 80 includes a device 82 that provides relative axial movement between injector 80 and a corresponding cup while limiting rotational movement. Device 82 includes a lead-in groove 84 and collinear locking groove 86 separated by a protrusion 88 in the bottom surface of device 82. Protrusion 88 functions to maintain a corresponding retention tab in the locking groove 86 to allow relative axial movement between injector 80 and a corresponding cup after assembly. Lead-in groove or slot 84 includes a chamfer 90 to facilitate assembly.

[Para 23] Assembly of a fuel injector and corresponding cup according to the present invention proceeds by aligning a device associated with the fuel injector with a device associated with the cup and engaging the device(s) until reaching a locking position that allows relative axial movement between the injector and the cup but limits rotational movement between the injector and the cup. In one embodiment, the fuel injector device includes a groove having a lead-in portion, a helical or spiral portion, and an axial locking portion while the cup device includes a key or tab that cooperates with the injector groove. In this embodiment assembly includes rotation of the injector relative to the cup as the key traverses the helical portion drawing the injector toward the cup until the key enters the locking portion. In another embodiment, the assembly process includes aligning a key or indentation on the cup with a corresponding axial groove on the injector and sliding the injector into the cup until the indentation traverses a protrusion or other locking device associated with the groove so that the indentation is retained between the locking device and the distal end of the groove to allow relative axial movement between the injector and cup after assembly.

[Para 24] While the best mode for carrying out the invention has been described in detail, those familiar with the art to which this invention relates will recognize various alternative designs and embodiments for practicing the invention as defined by the following claims.